en bloc; and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

So the resolution (S. Res. 88) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, is as follows:

S. Res. 88

Whereas Mike Mansfield brought honor to the State of Montana as a professor, Congressman, and Senator during a period that spanned more than 40 years;

Whereas Mike Mansfield claims the distinction of being the youngest World War I veteran in the United States, and of having served as an enlisted man in the Navy, Army, and Marines, all before the age of 20;

Whereas Mike Mansfield served as Senate Majority Leader for a record 16 years;

Whereas Mike Mansfield was instrumental in passing the 26th Amendment to the Constitution, giving people age 18 to 20 the right to vote;

Whereas as a freshman Congressman, Mike Mansfield served as an East Asian adviser to President Franklin Delano Roosevelt during World War II, and later served as the United States Ambassador to Japan for over 11 years;

Whereas Mike Mansfield performed all of the above tasks to the highest possible standards, and is a shining example of integrity and public service to Montana and the United States; and

Whereas Mike Mansfield will celebrate his 92d birthday on Thursday, March 16, 1995: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate congratulates and sends the warmest birthday wishes to Mike Mansfield, a beloved former colleague of the United States Senate, on the grand occasion of his 92d birthday on Thursday, March 16, 1995.

AUTHORIZING TESTIMONY BY SENATE EMPLOYEE

Mr. McCAIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now turn to the consideration of Senate Resolution 90, submitted earlier today regarding legal counsel; that the resolution be agreed to; that the preamble be agreed to; and that the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

So the resolution (S. Res. 90) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, is as follows:

S. Res. 90

Whereas, in the case of *United States* v. *Francisco M. Duran*, Cr. No. 94–447, pending in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, a subpoena for testimony has been issued to Laura DiBiase, an employee of the Senate on the staff of Senator Campbell;

Whereas, by the privileges of the Senate of the United States and Rule XI of the Standing Rules of the Senate, no evidence under the control or in the possession of the Senate may, by the judicial process, be taken from such control or possession but by permission of the Senate;

Whereas, when it appears that evidence under the control or in the possession of the Senate may promote the administration of justice, the Senate will take such action as will promote the ends of justice consistently with the privileges of the Senate: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That Laura DiBiase is authorized to produce records and to testify in the case of *United States* v. Francisco M. Duran, Cr. No. 94-447 (D.D.C.), except concerning matters for which a privilege should be asserted.

ORDERS FOR FRIDAY, MARCH 17,

Mr. McCAIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today it stand in recess until the hour of 10 a.m. on Friday, March 17, 1995; that following the prayer, the Journal of proceedings be deemed approved to date, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day; there then be controlled general debate on the lineitem veto legislation, to be equally divided in the usual form.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PROGRAM

Mr. McCAIN. Mr. President, for the information of all Senators, on Friday the Senate will be in controlled general debate on the line-item veto until approximately 3 p.m.; the Senate will also have controlled debate on the line-item veto on Monday until 5 p.m, at which time the Senate will begin consideration of the bill. Also, there will be no rollcall votes during Friday's and Monday's sessions of the Senate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

RECESS UNTIL 10 A.M. TOMORROW

Mr. McCAIN. Mr. President, if there is no further business to come before the Senate, I now ask that the Senate stand in recess under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 8:08 p.m., recessed until Friday, March 17, 1995, at 10 a.m.